

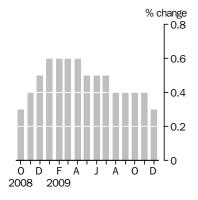
# RETAIL TRADE

AUSTRALIA

EMBARGO: 11.30AM (CANBERRA TIME) THURS 4 FEB 2010

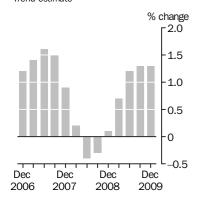
#### **Monthly Turnover**

Current prices Trend estimate



#### **Quarterly turnover**

in volume terms Trend estimate



## INQUIRIES

For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070 or Katlean Pussell on Sydney (02) 9268 4568.

## KEY FIGURES

Dec 09	Nov 09 to Dec 09
\$m	% change
19 979.0	0.3
19 925.3	-0.7
	99 \$m 19 979.0

Dec Qtr 2009	Sep Qtr 09 to Dec Qtr 09
\$m	% change
57 507.4	1.3

1.1

57 447.6

## KEY POINTS

Seasonally adjusted estimates

#### **CURRENT PRICES**

Turnover in volume terms
Trend estimates

- The trend estimate increased 0.3% in December 2009. This follows a 0.4% increase in November 2009 and a 0.4% increase in October 2009.
- The seasonally adjusted estimate decreased 0.7% in December 2009. This follows a 1.5% increase in November 2009 and a 0.3% increase in October 2009.
- In original terms, Australian turnover increased 24.5% in December 2009. Australian turnover increased 3.0% in December 2009 compared with December 2008.
- In trend terms, Cafes, restaurants and takeaway food services (1.4%), Household good retailing (0.3%), Food retailing (0.2%), Clothing, footwear and personal accessory retailing (0.2%) and Department stores (0.1%) increased in December 2009. Other retailing decreased 0.1% in December 2009.
- The following states increased in trend terms in December 2009: New South Wales (0.7%), the Australian Capital Territory (0.4%), the Northern Territory (0.4%), Victoria (0.2%), Western Australia (0.2%), Tasmania (0.1%), South Australia (0.1%). Queensland (0.0%) remained unchanged.

#### **VOLUME MEASURES**

■ The trend estimate of turnover for the Australian Retail series increased 1.3% in the December quarter 2009 in volume terms.

## NOTES

FORTHCOMING	ISSUES	ISSUE	RELEASE DATE
IONTHOOMING	100000	10000	NEED IOE DITTE

 January 2010
 2 March 2010

 February 2010
 31 March 2010

 March 2010
 6 May 2010

 April 2010
 1 June 2010

 May 2010
 1 July 2010

 June 2010
 3 August 2010

CHANGES IN THIS ISSUE

There are no changes in this issue.

REVISIONS

There are no revisions to the original estimates. Revisions to seasonally adjusted estimates are due to the concurrent methodology for deriving seasonal factors.

TIME SERIES DATA

Data available from the Downloads tab of this issue on the ABS website include longer time series of tables in this publication, the quarterly chain volume measures and the following additional current price monthly series:

- Retail turnover by state and 15 industry subgroups in trend, seasonally adjusted and original terms
- Retail turnover completely enumerated and sample sector, by six industry groups in original terms
- Retail turnover completely enumerated and sample sector, by state in original terms
- Retail turnover completely enumerated sector, total level in trend, seasonally adjusted and original terms.

**ABBREVIATIONS** 

ABN Australian Business Number

ABS Australian Bureau of Statistics

ANZSIC Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification

ARIMA autoregressive integrated moving average

ATO Australian Taxation Office n.e.c. not elsewhere classified PAYGW pay-as-you-go withholding

RSE relative standard error

Brian Pink

Australian Statistician

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TOTAL RETAIL—MONTHLY

The chart below shows the trend series and seasonally adjusted series to December 2009.

In current price trend terms, Australian turnover increased by 0.3% in December 2009 following increases of 0.4% in both November 2009 and October 2009.

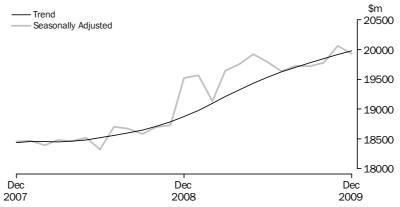
All industries have all had an increase in the trend for the last twelve months except for Other retailing (-0.1%) which decreased for the fifth consecutive month in December 2009. Cafes, restaurants and takeaway food services have continued to show strong trend growth and have had increases of 1.0% or higher for twelve consecutive months.

All states, except Queensland, have had an increase in the trend estimate for at least seven months. NSW (0.7%) had the largest increase in December and has had the strongest growth across the states for six consecutive months. Queensland has remained unchanged in trend terms since July 2009.

In current price seasonally adjusted terms, Australian turnover decreased by 0.7% in December 2009 following increases of 1.5% in November 2009 and 0.3% in October 2009.

In current price original terms, chains and other large retailers increased 27.6% in December 2009. The estimate for smaller retailers increased 19.1% in December 2009.

#### RETAIL TURNOVER, Australia



(a) Estimate for July to October 2008 are derived from the one-in, two-out sampling method.

## **ANALYSIS** continued

TOTAL RETAIL
—QUARTERLY

In seasonally adjusted terms, December quarter 2009 had a 1.1% increase in volume and a 0.1% increase in prices.

In the December quarter 2009, all industries except Other retailing, had an increase in seasonally adjusted volumes. Cafes, restaurants and takeaway food services (3.9%) had the largest increase, followed by Household good retailing (2.3%), Clothing, footwear and other personal accessory retailing (1.2%), Department Stores (0.6%) and Food Retailing (0.3%). Other retailing decreased 0.2% in seasonally adjusted volume terms in the December quarter 2009.

All states, except Queensland, had an increase in seasonally adjusted volumes in the December quarter 2009. New South Wales (2.5%) has the largest increase in volumes followed by the Northern Territory (1.5%), the Australian Capital Territory (1.2%), Tasmania (1.1%), Western Australia (0.8%), South Australia (0.6%) and Victoria (0.4%). Queensland decreased 0.1% in seasonally adjusted volume terms in the December quarter 2009.

		Household	Clothing, footwear & personal			Cafes, restaurants & takeaway	
Month	Food retailing	goods retailing	accessory retailing	Department stores	Other retailing	food services	Total
• • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • • • •			
		C	RIGINAL	(\$ million)			
2008							
October	7 642.8	3 530.5	1 547.4	1 452.4	2 668.9	2 302.4	19 144.5
November December	7 630.1 8 784.9	3 595.6 4 908.6	1 594.1 2 308.7	1 675.9 2 886.1	2 740.0 3 816.6	2 242.8 2 479.4	19 478.5 25 184.3
2009							
January	7 985.3	3 560.7	1 543.2	1 451.0	2 525.9	2 318.3	19 384.5
February	7 151.3	2 968.2	1 259.1	1 056.6	2 349.1	2 069.5	16 853.8
March	7 832.4	3 301.6	1 518.6	1 386.9	2 585.3	2 303.2	18 927.9
April	7 710.6	3 203.9	1 579.8	1 509.1	2 519.0	2 326.9	18 849.3
May	7 763.2	3 379.7	1 709.3	1 519.4	2 624.2	2 401.7	19 397.5
June	7 399.3	3 620.6	1 568.0	1 500.5	2 551.6	2 263.0	18 902.9
July	7 725.6	3 452.3	1 514.7	1 570.7	2 682.3	2 415.1	19 360.6
August	7 807.5	3 467.7	1 498.2	1 341.5	2 595.8	2 446.1	19 156.7
September	7 635.8	3 406.1	1 537.2	1 399.9	2 620.5	2 430.7	19 030.3
October	8 109.6	3 641.3	1 630.2	1 534.3	2 774.5	2 601.9	20 291.7
November	8 203.7	3 787.3	1 689.8	1 736.6	2 847.0	2 569.7	20 834.2
December	9 248.0	4 707.5	2 488.2	2 795.1	3 812.3	2 896.4	25 947.5
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	SEASON	ALLY ADJ	USTED (\$ i	million)	• • • • • • • • •	
2008							
October	7 454.2	3 435.1	1 501.1	1 489.9	2 612.5	2 205.2	18 698.0
November	7 514.3	3 391.6	1 511.1	1 484.9	2 613.0	2 210.6	18 725.6
December	7 701.9	3 692.4	1 593.5	1 611.9	2 683.4	2 238.2	19 521.3
2009							
January	7 825.6	3 556.0	1 604.6	1 602.5	2 663.2	2 313.7	19 565.6
February	7 739.9	3 416.0	1 556.2	1 471.7	2 667.2	2 283.6	19 134.5
March	7 830.4	3 506.6	1 656.3	1 631.2	2 699.7	2 315.3	19 639.5
April	7 836.7	3 569.1	1 690.3	1 602.8	2 704.7	2 354.7	19 758.3
May	7 893.1	3 546.1	1 709.9	1 645.1	2 729.2	2 398.7	19 922.1
June	7 870.0	3 643.2	1 631.1	1 537.2	2 728.6	2 379.4	19 789.5
July	7 829.7	3 518.2	1 597.4	1 537.0	2 747.1	2 405.6	19 635.0
August	7 891.0	3 529.5	1 605.3	1 557.6	2 694.6	2 448.1	19 726.1
September	7 896.8	3 511.3	1 593.9	1 530.0	2 712.1	2 476.8	19 721.1
October	7 895.1	3 522.1	1 588.0	1 559.1	2 705.6	2 505.2	19 775.0
November December	8 026.8 7 920.2	3 576.1 3 566.9	1 630.5 1 598.8	1 574.1 1 519.4	2 713.5 2 714.2	2 542.6 2 605.8	20 063.7 19 925.3
December	1 920.2	3 300.9	1 596.6	1 519.4	2 / 14.2	2 005.8	19 923.3
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	TREND (	\$ million)	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	
2008							
October	7 456.6	3 426.7	1 512.7	1 502.2	2 610.4	2 201.2	18 709.7
November	7 514.0	3 414.6	1 518.7	1 498.9	2 619.8	2 214.9	18 783.8
December	7 572.0	3 409.0	1 525.5	1 497.9	2 632.0	2 234.0	18 872.4
2009							
January	7 628.5	3 411.9	1 533.8	1 499.3	2 646.0	2 257.0	18 976.6
February	7 680.4	3 423.0	1 544.2	1 501.6	2 663.3	2 281.5	19 094.2
March	7 723.0	3 440.4	1 555.2	1 505.3	2 681.8	2 306.1	19 212.1
April	7 759.2	3 461.5	1 566.3	1 511.1	2 698.6	2 331.0	19 328.0
May	7 790.8	3 482.3	1 576.4	1 517.2	2 711.8	2 356.4	19 435.0
1	7 820.9	3 499.5	1 585.4	1 525.5	2 719.1	2 382.3	19 532.8
June	7 850.5	3 512.9	1 592.5	1 534.1	2 720.4	2 410.6	19 621.0
June July	1 000.0		1 597.2	1 540.9	2 717.6	2 442.3	19 699.8
	7 879.4	3 522.5	1 597.2				
July		3 522.5 3 531.1	1 600.4	1 546.3	2 713.9	2 476.9	19 773.4
July August	7 879.4				2 713.9 2 711.2	2 476.9 2 512.6	
July August September	7 879.4 7 904.9	3 531.1	1 600.4	1 546.3			19 773.4 19 845.8 19 915.3

<sup>(</sup>a) See paragraph 4 of Explanatory Notes.

	Food	Household goods	Clothing, footwear & personal accessory	Department	Other	Cafes, restaurants & takeaway food	
Month	retailing	retailing	retailing	stores	retailing	services	Total
• • • • • • • • • •	OBL	CINIAI (0/	obongo f	rom proce	ding mar	) + b \	• • • • • • • •
	URII	GINAL (%	change i	rom prece	aing mor	itii)	
2008 October	7.7	6.1	5.4	5.0	7.4	8.4	7.0
November	-0.2	1.8	3.0	15.4	2.7	-2.6	1.7
December	15.1	36.5	44.8	72.2	39.3	10.5	29.3
2009							
January	-9.1	-27.5	-33.2	-49.7	-33.8	-6.5	-23.0
February	-10.4	-16.6	-18.4	-27.2	-7.0	-10.7	-13.1
March	9.5	11.2	20.6	31.3	10.1	11.3	12.3
April	-1.6	-3.0	4.0	8.8	-2.6	1.0	-0.4
May	0.7	5.5	8.2	0.7	4.2	3.2	2.9
June	-4.7	7.1	-8.3	-1.2	-2.8	-5.8	-2.5
July	4.4	-4.6	-3.4	4.7	5.1	6.7	2.4
August September	1.1 -2.2	0.4 -1.8	-1.1 2.6	-14.6 4.4	-3.2 1.0	1.3 -0.6	-1.1 -0.7
October	-2.2 6.2	6.9	6.0	9.6	5.9	7.0	-0. <i>1</i>
November	1.2	4.0	3.7	13.2	2.6	-1.2	2.7
December	12.7	24.3	47.2	61.0	33.9	12.7	24.5
SEA	SONALI	Y ADJUS		nange fron			)
2008							
October	1.6	0.3	-0.6	-2.8	0.9	1.1	0.6
November	0.8	-1.3	0.7	-0.3	0.0	0.2	0.1
December	2.5	8.9	5.5	8.6	2.7	1.2	4.2
2009							
January	1.6	-3.7	0.7	-0.6	-0.8	3.4	0.2
February	-1.1	-3.9	-3.0	-8.2	0.1	-1.3	-2.2
March	1.2	2.7	6.4	10.8	1.2	1.4	2.6
April	0.1	1.8	2.1	-1.7	0.2	1.7	0.6
May	0.7	-0.6	1.2	2.6	0.9	1.9	0.8
June	-0.3	2.7	-4.6	-6.6	0.0	-0.8	-0.7
July	-0.5	-3.4	-2.1	0.0	0.7	1.1	-0.8
August September	0.8 0.1	0.3 -0.5	0.5 -0.7	1.3 -1.8	-1.9 0.6	1.8 1.2	0.5 0.0
October	0.0	0.3	-0. <i>1</i> -0.4	1.9	-0.2	1.2	0.3
November	1.7	1.5	2.7	1.9	0.3	1.5	1.5
December	-1.3	-0.3	-1.9	-3.5	0.0	2.5	-0.7
	TR	END (% c	hange fro	om preced	ing mont	h)	
2008							
October	0.8	-0.5	0.3	-0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3
November	0.8	-0.4	0.4	-0.2	0.4	0.6	0.4
December	0.8	-0.2	0.4	-0.1	0.5	0.9	0.5
2009							
January	0.7	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.5	1.0	0.6
February	0.7	0.3	0.7	0.1	0.7	1.1	0.6
March	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.2	0.7	1.1	0.6
April	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.6	1.1	0.6
May	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.5	1.1	0.6
June	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.3	1.1	0.5
July August	0.4 0.4	0.4 0.3	0.4 0.3	0.6 0.4	0.0 -0.1	1.2 1.3	0.5 0.4
September	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	-0.1 -0.1	1.3	0.4
October	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	-0.1 -0.1	1.4	0.4
November	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	-0.1 -0.1	1.4	0.4
December	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	-0.1	1.4	0.3
						'	
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •

<sup>(</sup>a) See paragraph 4 of Explanatory Notes.

## RETAIL TURNOVER, By State

Month	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
Wiellen			<b>C</b>						
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	ORI	GINAL (\$	million)	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •
2008					,				
October	5 763.7	4 774.8	4 042.6	1 430.5	2 135.5	426.9	214.0	356.6	19 144.5
November	5 945.4	4 897.4	4 050.0	1 432.9	2 143.1	433.3	207.8	368.6	19 478.5
December	7 733.9	6 379.8	5 186.4	1 854.0	2 749.0	571.1	246.9	463.1	25 184.3
2009									
January	5 990.9	4 818.1	4 064.0	1 422.5	2 110.0	430.5	195.5	353.0	19 384.5
February	5 189.9	4 244.2	3 453.3	1 229.6	1 842.4	391.6	182.3	320.6	16 853.8
March	5 751.0	4 804.1	3 932.4	1 389.9	2 053.4	431.8	210.6	354.6	18 927.9
April	5 795.8	4 770.4	3 890.2	1 374.9	2 028.6	428.1	205.7	355.7	18 849.3
May	5 943.7	4 852.4	4 038.8	1 412.8	2 129.3	429.8	217.6	373.1	19 397.5
June	5 799.4	4 717.1	3 952.6	1 373.2	2 066.7	412.2	220.5	361.2	18 902.9
July	5 884.7	4 798.1	4 109.8	1 401.3	2 134.2	432.4	240.0	360.0	19 360.6
August	5 861.6	4 745.9	4 094.5	1 357.5	2 078.3	422.9	236.1	359.9	19 156.7
September	5 852.2	4 724.0	4 045.1	1 354.5	2 059.2	417.3	221.9	356.1	19 030.3
October	6 312.5	5 001.6	4 230.5	1 454.6	2 228.3	457.7	230.9	375.7	20 291.7
November December	6 597.9 8 249.2	5 245.3 6 544.3	4 193.3 5 215.0	1 497.6 1 829.0	2 232.4 2 810.7	457.5 571.0	220.0 249.9	390.3 478.4	20 834.2 25 947.5
December	0 249.2	0 344.3	5 215.0	1 629.0	2 010.7	371.0	249.9	470.4	25 947.5
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
			SEASONAL	LY ADJUS	TED (\$ m	nillion)			
2000									
2008 October	5 662.7	4.670.0	3 922.2	1 390.7	2 076.6	417.2	205.5	351.1	18 698.0
November	5 671.3	4 672.0 4 703.3	3 922.2 3 927.8	1 390.7	2 060.8	420.8	205.5	351.1	18 725.6
December	5 918.5	4 895.0	4 099.3	1 436.1	2 145.1	442.0	218.8	366.6	19 521.3
	3 910.3	4 093.0	4 099.3	1 430.1	2 143.1	442.0	210.0	300.0	19 321.3
2009									
January	6 000.1	4 894.7	4 076.5	1 429.6	2 151.4	428.1	218.3	366.9	19 565.6
February	5 880.0	4 789.6	3 974.3	1 390.3	2 092.0	431.1	216.3	361.1	19 134.5
March	5 992.9 6 057.9	4 911.2 4 957.6	4 118.9 4 158.3	1 430.8 1 439.5	2 151.1 2 111.4	442.5 444.2	225.8 219.5	366.1 369.9	19 639.5 19 758.3
April May	6 101.1	4 961.4	4 197.7	1 459.5	2 111.4	444.2	219.5	371.7	19 738.3
June	6 097.7	4 953.2	4 119.1	1 432.3	2 162.1	440.2	215.0	370.0	19 789.5
July	6 045.7	4 923.6	4 081.4	1 414.3	2 145.5	436.9	218.9	368.7	19 635.0
August	6 086.5	4 939.9	4 106.4	1 421.0	2 142.7	440.3	217.7	371.6	19 726.1
September	6 098.0	4 961.9	4 086.2	1 415.1	2 131.5	441.3	216.7	370.2	19 721.1
October	6 177.6	4 916.0	4 080.9	1 414.3	2 151.2	446.8	220.3	367.9	19 775.0
November	6 262.0	5 019.3	4 109.4	1 458.8	2 167.7	447.3	221.5	377.6	20 063.7
December	6 266.9	4 970.1	4 083.2	1 405.2	2 164.7	438.4	220.7	376.2	19 925.3
			TF	REND (\$ m	nillion)				
					,				
2008									
October	5 658.2	4 670.8	3 930.7	1 390.9	2 084.9	418.2	206.6	349.2	18 709.7
November	5 694.2	4 700.6	3 938.8	1 388.9	2 080.0	420.3	209.1	351.8	18 783.8
December	5 740.2	4 728.8	3 950.0	1 387.8	2 077.1	422.6	211.5	354.3	18 872.4
2009									
January	5 790.4	4 755.1	3 968.6	1 389.2	2 078.2	425.1	213.6	356.4	18 976.6
February	5 839.9	4 781.8	3 994.7	1 393.3	2 083.4	427.8	215.1	358.2	19 094.2
March	5 885.4	4 807.3	4 022.7	1 399.1	2 091.7	430.4	215.8	359.8	19 212.1
April	5 926.3	4 834.5	4 049.3	1 405.6	2 102.1	432.6	215.9	361.7	19 328.0
May	5 964.4	4 862.5	4 070.7	1 410.4	2 113.1	434.5	215.7	363.7	19 435.0
June	6 002.3	4 889.5	4 084.9	1 414.3	2 124.1	436.4	215.7	365.7	19 532.8
July	6 043.4	4 913.2	4 091.0	1 417.2	2 134.1	438.3	216.2	367.6	19 621.0
August	6 087.5	4 932.7	4 091.5	1 419.4	2 142.0	440.1	217.2	369.3	19 699.8
September	6 132.3	4 948.9	4 091.5	1 421.6	2 147.8	442.0	218.5	370.9	19 773.4
October	6 178.4	4 963.1	4 092.2	1 423.8	2 152.9	443.3	219.6	372.5	19 845.8
November	6 224.4	4 976.4	4 092.5	1 425.3	2 157.8	444.2	220.6	374.2	19 915.3
December	6 266.9	4 986.0	4 094.4	1 426.7	2 163.1	444.7	221.5	375.7	19 979.0



## RETAIL PERCENTAGE CHANGE, By State

Month	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •							• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
0000		UK	IGINAL (%	change ii	om prece	earng mon	LII)		
2008 October	7.3	9.2	4.7	8.1	5.6	9.2	1.3	8.0	7.0
November	3.2	2.6	0.2	0.2	0.4	1.5	-2.9	3.4	1.7
December	30.1	30.3	28.1	29.4	28.3	31.8	18.8	25.6	29.3
2009									
January	-22.5	-24.5	-21.6	-23.3	-23.2	-24.6	-20.8	-23.8	-23.0
February	-13.4	-11.9	-15.0	-13.6	-12.7	-9.0	-6.8	-9.2	-13.1
March	10.8	13.2	13.9	13.0	11.5	10.3	15.6	10.6	12.3
April	0.8	-0.7	-1.1	-1.1	-1.2	-0.9	-2.4	0.3	-0.4
May	2.6	1.7	3.8	2.8	5.0	0.4	5.8	4.9	2.9
June	-2.4	-2.8	-2.1	-2.8	-2.9	-4.1	1.4	-3.2	-2.5
July August	1.5 -0.4	1.7 -1.1	4.0 -0.4	2.0 -3.1	3.3 -2.6	4.9 -2.2	8.8 -1.6	-0.3 0.0	2.4 -1.1
September	-0.4 -0.2	-1.1 -0.5	-0.4 -1.2	-3.1 -0.2	-2.6 -0.9	-2.2 -1.3	-1.0 -6.0	-1.1	-1.1 -0.7
October	7.9	5.9	4.6	7.4	8.2	9.7	4.1	5.5	6.6
November	4.5	4.9	-0.9	3.0	0.2	0.0	-4.7	3.9	2.7
December	25.0	24.8	24.4	22.1	25.9	24.8	13.6	22.6	24.5
	S	EASONAL	LY ADJUST		ange from		ng month)		• • • • • • •
2008									
October	1.2	1.3	0.1	-0.3	-0.8	0.3	0.0	1.4	0.6
November	0.2	0.7	0.1	-0.6	-0.8	0.9	1.5	0.0	0.1
December	4.4	4.1	4.4	3.9	4.1	5.0	4.9	4.4	4.2
2009									
January	1.4	0.0	-0.6	-0.4	0.3	-3.1	-0.2	0.1	0.2
February	-2.0	-2.1	-2.5	-2.8	-2.8	0.7	-0.9	-1.6	-2.2
March	1.9 1.1	2.5 0.9	3.6 1.0	2.9 0.6	2.8 -1.8	2.7 0.4	4.4 -2.8	1.4 1.0	2.6 0.6
April May	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.8	3.0	0.4	-2.6 -0.1	0.5	0.8
June	-0.1	-0.2	-1.9	-1.4	-0.6	-1.0	-2.0	-0.5	-0.7
July	-0.9	-0.6	-0.9	-1.3	-0.8	-0.7	1.8	-0.3	-0.8
August	0.7	0.3	0.6	0.5	-0.1	0.8	-0.5	0.8	0.5
September	0.2	0.4	-0.5	-0.4	-0.5	0.2	-0.5	-0.4	0.0
October	1.3	-0.9	-0.1	-0.1	0.9	1.2	1.6	-0.6	0.3
November	1.4	2.1	0.7	3.2	0.8	0.1	0.6	2.6	1.5
December	0.1	-1.0	-0.6	-3.7	-0.1	-2.0	-0.4	-0.4	-0.7
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	T	REND (% c	hange fro	m preced	ing month	1)	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
2008									
October	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.0	-0.3	0.5	1.1	0.6	0.3
November	0.6	0.6	0.2	-0.1	-0.2	0.5	1.2	0.8	0.4
December	0.8	0.6	0.3	-0.1	-0.1	0.5	1.2	0.7	0.5
2009									
January	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.6	1.0	0.6	0.6
February	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.6
March	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.6
April May	0.7 0.6	0.6 0.6	0.7 0.5	0.5 0.3	0.5 0.5	0.5 0.4	0.0 -0.1	0.5 0.6	0.6 0.6
June	0.6	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.6	0.6
July	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.5	0.5
August	0.7	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4
September	0.7	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.4
October	0.8	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.4
November	0.7	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.4
December	0.7	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.3



RETAIL PERCENTAGE CHANGE, Volume and Price(a)—Seasonally adjusted: **By Industry Group**(b)

Quarter	Food retailing	Household goods retailing	Clothing, footwear & personal accessory retailing	Department stores	Other retailing	Cafes, restaurants & takeaway food services	Total
							• • • • • • •
	CURRENT	PRICES	(% chang	ge from pr	eceding a	uarter)	
0007			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,		,	
2007	1 1	4.4	1.2	1.0	4.4	0.4	1 5
December	1.4	1.1	1.3	1.8	4.4	-0.4	1.5
2008							
March	0.5	-0.4	-0.2	1.6	1.8	-1.3	0.3
June	0.6	-0.6	-0.8	-2.3	0.4	-0.2	-0.1
September	2.7	-0.8	0.5	1.1	0.8	0.3	1.2
December	2.6	1.2	1.3	0.8	1.4	1.5	1.8
2009							
March	3.2	-0.4	4.6	2.6	1.5	3.9	2.4
June	0.9	2.7	4.4	1.7	1.6	3.2	1.9
September	0.1	-1.9	-4.7	-3.4	-0.1	2.8	-0.7
December	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.6	-0.3	4.4	1.2
СПА	IN VOLUM	IE WEAS	JRES (% C	change fro	iii preceui	ing quarte	1)
2007							
December	1.7	1.3	0.9	1.1	4.0	-1.7	1.3
	1.7	1.5	0.5	1.1	4.0	1.7	1.5
2008							
March	-0.8	0.3	1.9	1.6	1.6	-2.7	-0.1
June	-0.2	-0.8	-3.3	-3.1	0.0	-1.9	-0.8
September	0.8	-0.7	1.6	0.7	0.7	-1.1	0.3
December	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.3	2.5	0.2	0.8
2009							
March	1.7	-1.9	3.8	1.9	0.8	2.8	1.2
June	0.7	2.6	4.6	1.2	0.7	2.4	1.8
September	0.4	-2.1	-3.8	-3.8	0.0	1.8	-0.7
December	0.3	2.3	1.2	0.6	-0.2	3.9	1.1
IMDI	ICIT DDIC			change fro			
IIVIFL	ICII FRIC	L DLILA	1013 (%	change no	ili preceu	ing quarte	:1)
2007							
December	-0.3	-0.2	0.4	0.7	0.4	1.3	0.3
	0.0	0.2	· · ·	· · ·	0	1.0	0.0
2008	4.0						
March	1.3	-0.7	-2.1	0.0	0.2	1.4	0.4
June	0.8	0.3	2.6	0.9	0.5	1.8	0.8
September	1.9	-0.1	-1.1	0.4	0.1	1.5	0.9
December	1.6	0.5	0.6	0.5	-1.0	1.3	0.9
2009							
March	1.5	1.5	0.8	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.2
June	0.1	0.1	-0.2	0.5	1.0	0.8	0.2
September	-0.4	0.2	-0.9	0.5	-0.1	0.9	0.0
December	0.6	-1.3	-0.7	0.0	-0.1	0.5	0.1

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference year for chain volume measures is 2007–08. See paragraph 32 of the Explanatory Notes.

<sup>(</sup>b) See paragraph 4 of the Explanatory Notes.



## ${\tt RETAIL\ PERCENTAGE\ CHANGE,\ Volume\ and\ Price(a)-Seasonally\ adjusted:\ \textbf{By\ State}}$

Quarter	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	CURREN		(% change				• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
2007									
December	0.7	2.0	1.9	3.3	1.2	0.5	4.4	0.7	1.5
2008									
March	-0.5	0.8	0.3	3.1	-0.6	0.3	0.4	1.1	0.3
June	-0.6	-0.7	-0.3	1.6	1.6	2.2	3.6	-0.5	-0.1
September	-0.7	1.7	2.6	2.6	1.7	2.0	3.8	-0.8	1.2
December	2.0	2.8	1.5	0.8	-0.6	2.9	4.0	3.2	1.8
2009									
March	3.6	2.3	1.8	1.0	1.8	1.7	4.4	2.4	2.4
June	2.1	1.9	2.5	1.7	0.8	2.1	-1.0	1.6	1.9
September	-0.1	-0.3	-1.6	-1.7	-0.4	-0.8	-0.1	-0.1	-0.7
December	2.6	0.5	0.0	0.7	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.0	1.2
	CHA	AIN VOLUM	ME MEASU	JRES (% ch	ange f	rom prece	ding quart	er)	
2007									
December	0.5	2.0	1.6	2.8	0.6	0.0	3.5	0.1	1.3
2008									
March	-0.8	0.7	0.0	2.5	-1.3	0.1	0.0	0.3	-0.1
June	-1.4	-1.5	-1.2	1.0	0.9	1.5	2.8	-1.0	-0.8
September	-1.6	0.9	1.6	1.8	0.7	0.8	2.7	-1.9	0.3
December	1.1	2.0	0.4	-0.3	-1.4	1.8	2.9	2.3	0.8
2009									
March	2.5	0.5	0.7	0.1	1.0	0.4	3.0	1.1	1.2
June	1.9	2.2	2.2	1.2	0.5	1.7	-1.7	1.1	1.8
September	-0.2	-0.2	-1.8	-1.8	-0.2	-0.9	-0.3	-0.1	-0.7
December	2.5	0.4	-0.1	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.5	1.2	1.1
• • • • • • • • • •		LIGIT DDI	OF DEEL 4:						• • • • • • •
	IMP	LICII PRI	CE DEFLA	TORS (% ch	iange i	rom prece	ding quar	ter)	
2007									
December	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.3
2008									
March	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.6	0.7	0.2	0.4	0.8	0.4
June	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.8
September	0.9	0.7	1.1	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.9
December	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1	0.8	1.1	1.1	0.8	0.9
2009									
March	1.1	1.8	1.2	0.9	0.7	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2
June	0.2	-0.3	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.2
September	0.0	-0.1	0.2	0.1	-0.2	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
December	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	-0.1	-0.1	0.1

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference year for chain volume measures is 2007–08. See paragraph 32 of the Explanatory Notes.

Quarter	Food retailing	Household goods retailing	Clothing, footwear & other personal accessory retailing	Department stores	Other retailing	Cafes, restaurants & takeaway food services	Total
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	0.00	RIGINAL (	\$ million)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
2027		Oil	MIGHNAL (	Ψ 1111111011)			
2007 December	22 735.9	12 007.0	5 343.2	5 877.4	8 824.8	7 058.6	61 894.3
	22 100.0	12 001.0	0 0 10.2	0011.1	0 02 1.0	7 000.0	01 00 1.0
2008 March	21 137.8	9 974.2	4 229.3	3 922.6	7 201.9	6 360.7	52 805.0
June	20 591.0	10 033.6	4 363.5	4 171.0	7 262.6	6 263.9	52 684.1
September	21 145.4	10 170.2	4 331.7	4 161.3	7 493.6	6 275.8	53 577.4
December	23 033.4	12 002.0	5 430.2	5 903.3	9 257.6	6 704.2	62 330.8
2009							
March	21 599.0	9 716.2	4 359.0	3 825.6	7 439.2	6 317.2	53 256.4
June	21 600.5	10 015.9	4 787.5	4 375.0	7 601.7	6 552.8	54 933.7
September	22 019.9	10 115.2	4 528.4	4 142.0	7 798.9	6 783.4	55 388.1
December	24 043.4	12 062.7	5 865.1	5 852.9	9 327.3	7 464.8	64 616.9
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •			• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
		SEASONA	LLY ADJU	STED (\$ m	nillion)		
0007							
2007 December	21 501.5	10 583.3	4 554.9	4 541.1	7 588.0	6 703.1	55 436.3
	21 301.3	10 303.3	4 554.5	4 541.1	7 300.0	0 703.1	33 430.3
2008	04 005 0	10.010.0	4.040.0	4.044.0	7 740 4	0.500.7	FF 400 4
March June	21 325.6 21 292.7	10 618.6 10 533.0	4 642.3 4 488.1	4 611.9 4 469.0	7 712.4 7 710.1	6 523.7 6 398.9	55 400.4 54 941.7
September	21 455.2	10 353.0	4 561.6	4 500.6	7 761.5	6 325.5	55 100.8
December	21 674.7	10 525.6	4 592.7	4 513.4	7 951.8	6 336.5	55 555.0
2009							
March	22 041.9	10 328.6	4 766.2	4 598.7	8 013.1	6 516.1	56 224.1
June	22 206.6	10 595.4	4 987.9	4 652.6	8 065.7	6 671.7	57 218.4
September	22 304.6	10 374.0	4 798.0	4 475.3	8 066.1	6 793.7	56 844.2
December	22 371.7	10 617.6	4 853.9	4 502.9	8 050.3	7 055.5	57 447.6
		Т	REND (\$	million)			
2007							
December	21 337.2	10 559.6	4 565.4	4 543.2	7 532.9	6 692.9	55 216.3
2008							
March	21 377.9	10 617.2	4 577.7	4 557.6	7 685.6	6 542.6	55 353.4
June	21 361.0	10 550.2	4 555.0	4 524.9	7 738.8	6 400.3	55 150.8
September December	21 409.4 21 553.5	10 406.7 10 259.7	4 530.6 4 540.2	4 473.8 4 429.7	7 790.9 7 878.5	6 330.9 6 350.3	54 963.9 55 011.8
	21 000.0	10 203.1	<del>-,</del> J40.2	4 423.1	1 010.0	0 330.3	33 011.0
2009	04 750 0	10 100 0	4 600 5	4 442 0	7.070.0	6.440.4	EE 077 7
March June	21 758.8 21 999.9	10 190.6 10 264.7	4 600.5 4 686.5	4 413.2 4 426.1	7 973.0 8 027.1	6 446.1 6 616.1	55 377.7 56 032.7
September	22 232.0	10 204.7	4 782.1	4 420.1	8 054.3	6 813.1	56 779.3
December	22 426.8	10 581.9	4 866.0	4 497.6	8 069.6	7 013.1	57 507.4

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference year for chain volume measures is 2007–08. See paragraph 32 of the Explanatory Notes.

<sup>(</sup>b) See paragraph 4 of the Explanatory Notes.



Quarter         Food retailing         acods retailing         accessory learner stores         Department stores         Other retailing         services         Total           ORIGINAL (% change from preceding quarter)           2007           December         9.3         18.1         25.3         41.8         25.7         4.4         16.5           2008         March         -7.0         -16.9         -20.8         -33.3         -18.4         -9.9         -14.7         June         -2.6         0.6         3.2         3.3         -18.4         -9.9         -14.7         June         -2.6         0.6         3.2         -33.3         -18.4         -9.9         -14.7         June         -2.6         0.6         3.2         -33.3         -18.4         -9.9         -14.7         -0.2         September         2.0         1.7         -0.2         3.2         0.8         16.3         18.9         14.4         2.2         3.7         3.1         3.8         14.4         2.2         3.7         3.1         3.8         14.4         2.2         3.7         3.1         3.2         5.2         -19.6         -5.8         -14.6         3.0         3.3         19.1         4.6			Household	Clothing, footwear & other personal			Cafes, restaurants & takeaway							
Name	Quartar		_					Total						
Part	Quarter	retailing	o o	J			Services	Total						
December   9.3   18.1   25.3   41.8   25.7   4.4   16.5	• • • • • • • • • • •	OBIO					+ 0 r)	• • • • • • • •						
December   9.3		ORIG	IINAL (% C	mange n	om prece	uilig quai	ter)							
March		9.3	18.1	25.3	41.8	25.7	4.4	16.5						
June	2008													
September   2.7														
December   8.9   18.0   25.4   41.9   23.5   6.8   16.3   2009														
March	•													
March   -6.2   -19.0   -19.7   -35.2   -19.6   -5.8   -14.6   June   0.0   3.1   9.8   14.4   2.2   3.7   3.1   3.8   2.5   2.6   3.5   0.8   2.5   2.6   3.5   0.8   2.5   2.5   2.6   3.5   0.8   2.5	December	8.9	18.0	25.4	41.9	23.5	6.8	16.3						
June   0.0   3.1   9.8   14.4   2.2   3.7   3.1     September   1.9   1.0   -5.4   -5.3   2.6   3.5   0.8     December   9.2   19.3   29.5   41.3   19.6   10.0   16.7     SEASUNALLY ADJUSTED   % change   from   preceding   quarter      SEASUNALLY ADJUSTED   % change   from   preceding   quarter														
September   1.9														
December   9.2   19.3   29.5   41.3   19.6   10.0   16.7														
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED (% change from preceding quarter)														
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED (% change from preceding quarter)	December	9.2	19.3	29.5	41.3	19.6	10.0	16.7						
December   1.7	SFA	SONALL						r)						
December         1.7         1.3         0.9         1.1         4.0         -1.7         1.3           2008           March         -0.8         0.3         1.9         1.6         1.6         -2.7         -0.1           June         -0.2         -0.8         -3.3         -3.1         0.0         -1.9         -0.8           September         0.8         -0.7         1.6         0.7         0.7         -1.1         0.3           December         1.0         0.7         0.7         0.3         2.5         0.2         0.8           2009         *** September** Septem				(,, ,,,				. ,						
March   -0.8   0.3   1.9   1.6   1.6   -2.7   -0.1     June   -0.2   -0.8   -3.3   -3.1   0.0   -1.9   -0.8     September   0.8   -0.7   1.6   0.7   0.7   -1.1   0.3     December   1.0   0.7   0.7   0.3   2.5   0.2   0.8     2009	2007													
March         -0.8         0.3         1.9         1.6         1.6         -2.7         -0.1           June         -0.2         -0.8         -3.3         -3.1         0.0         -1.9         -0.8           September         0.8         -0.7         1.6         0.7         0.7         -1.1         0.3           December         1.0         0.7         0.7         0.3         2.5         0.2         0.8           March         1.7         -1.9         3.8         1.9         0.8         2.8         1.2           June         0.7         2.6         4.6         1.2         0.7         2.4         1.8           September         0.4         -2.1         -3.8         -3.8         0.0         1.8         -0.7           December         0.3         2.3         1.2         0.6         -0.2         3.9         1.1           TREND (% change from preceding quarter)           TREND (% change from preceding quarter)           December         0.6         1.5         1.1         0.9         3.3         -1.4         0.9           December         0.6         1.5         <	December	1.7	1.3	0.9	1.1	4.0	-1.7	1.3						
June         -0.2         -0.8         -3.3         -3.1         0.0         -1.9         -0.8           September December         0.8         -0.7         1.6         0.7         0.7         -1.1         0.3           December         1.0         0.7         0.7         0.3         2.5         0.2         0.8           March         1.7         -1.9         3.8         1.9         0.8         2.8         1.2           June         0.7         2.6         4.6         1.2         0.7         2.4         1.8           September         0.4         -2.1         -3.8         -3.8         0.0         1.8         -0.7           December         0.3         2.3         1.2         0.6         -0.2         3.9         1.1           TREND (% change from preceding quarter)           TREND (% change from preceding quarter) <th c<="" td=""><td>2008</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th>	<td>2008</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	2008												
September December         0.8         -0.7         1.6         0.7         0.7         -1.1         0.3           2009         March         1.7         -1.9         3.8         1.9         0.8         2.8         1.2           June         0.7         2.6         4.6         1.2         0.7         2.4         1.8           September         0.4         -2.1         -3.8         -3.8         0.0         1.8         -0.7           December         0.3         2.3         1.2         0.6         -0.2         3.9         1.1           TREND (% change from preceding quarter)           December (0.6	March	-0.8	0.3	1.9	1.6	1.6	-2.7	-0.1						
December   1.0   0.7   0.7   0.3   2.5   0.2   0.8	June	-0.2	-0.8	-3.3	-3.1	0.0	-1.9	-0.8						
March   1.7   -1.9   3.8   1.9   0.8   2.8   1.2     June   0.7   2.6   4.6   1.2   0.7   2.4   1.8     September   0.4   -2.1   -3.8   -3.8   0.0   1.8   -0.7     December   0.3   2.3   1.2   0.6   -0.2   3.9   1.1      TREND (% change from preceding quarter)    Tremail   Change from preceding quarter	September	0.8	-0.7	1.6	0.7	0.7	-1.1	0.3						
March         1.7         -1.9         3.8         1.9         0.8         2.8         1.2           June         0.7         2.6         4.6         1.2         0.7         2.4         1.8           September         0.4         -2.1         -3.8         -3.8         0.0         1.8         -0.7           December         0.3         2.3         1.2         0.6         -0.2         3.9         1.1           TREND (% change from preceding quarter)           December 0.6         1.5         1.1         0.9         3.3         -1.4         0.9           TREND (% change from preceding quarter) <td <="" colspan="6" td=""><td>December</td><td>1.0</td><td>0.7</td><td>0.7</td><td>0.3</td><td>2.5</td><td>0.2</td><td>0.8</td></td>	<td>December</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>0.7</td> <td>0.7</td> <td>0.3</td> <td>2.5</td> <td>0.2</td> <td>0.8</td>						December	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.3	2.5	0.2	0.8
June         0.7         2.6         4.6         1.2         0.7         2.4         1.8           September December         0.4         -2.1         -3.8         -3.8         0.0         1.8         -0.7           December         0.3         2.3         1.2         0.6         -0.2         3.9         1.1           TREND (% change from preceding quarter)           TREND (% change from preceding quarter)           December         0.6         1.5         1.1         0.9         3.3         -1.4         0.9           December         0.6         1.5         1.1         0.9         3.3         -1.4         0.9           Becember         0.6         1.5         1.1         0.9         3.3         -1.4         0.9           March         0.2         0.5         0.3         0.3         2.0         -2.2         0.2           June         -0.1         -0.6         -0.5         -0.7         0.7         -2.2         -0.4           September         0.2         -1.4         -0.5         -1.1         0.7         -1.1         -0.3         0.1         0.3         0.1 <td>2009</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	2009													
June         0.7         2.6         4.6         1.2         0.7         2.4         1.8           September December         0.4         -2.1         -3.8         -3.8         0.0         1.8         -0.7           December         0.3         2.3         1.2         0.6         -0.2         3.9         1.1           TREND (% change from preceding quarter)           TREND (% change from preceding quarter)           Zeoth           December         0.6         1.5         1.1         0.9         3.3         -1.4         0.9           2008         Warch         0.2         0.5         0.3         0.3         2.0         -2.2         0.2           June         -0.1         -0.6         -0.5         -0.7         0.7         -2.2         -0.4           September         0.2         -1.4         -0.5         -1.1         0.7         -1.1         -0.3         0.1         -0.3         0.1         -0.3         0.1         -0.3         0.1         -0.3         0.1         -0.3         0.1         -0.3         0.1         0.3         0.1         -0.3         0.1         0.3         0.1         0.2	March	1.7	-1.9	3.8	1.9	0.8	2.8	1.2						
TREND   (% change from preceding quarter)   From December   O.6   O.5   O.6   O.2   O.6   O.5   O.6   O.5   O.7   O.7	June	0.7	2.6	4.6			2.4	1.8						
TREND (% change from preceding quarter)  2007 December 0.6 1.5 1.1 0.9 3.3 -1.4 0.9  2008  March 0.2 0.5 0.3 0.3 2.0 -2.2 0.2 June -0.1 -0.6 -0.5 -0.7 0.7 -2.2 -0.4 September 0.2 -1.4 -0.5 -1.1 0.7 -1.1 -0.3 December 0.7 -1.4 0.2 -1.0 1.1 0.3 0.1  2009  March 1.0 -0.7 1.3 -0.4 1.2 1.5 0.7 June 1.1 0.7 1.9 0.3 0.7 2.6 1.2 September 1.1 1.4 2.0 0.8 0.3 3.0 1.3 December 0.9 1.6 1.8 0.8 0.2 2.9 1.3	September	0.4	-2.1	-3.8	-3.8	0.0	1.8	-0.7						
TREND (% change from preceding quarter)     2007	December	0.3	2.3	1.2	0.6	-0.2	3.9	1.1						
TREND (% change from preceding quarter)     2007														
December         0.6         1.5         1.1         0.9         3.3         -1.4         0.9           2008           March         0.2         0.5         0.3         0.3         2.0         -2.2         0.2           June         -0.1         -0.6         -0.5         -0.7         0.7         -2.2         -0.4           September         0.2         -1.4         -0.5         -1.1         0.7         -1.1         -0.3           December         0.7         -1.4         0.2         -1.0         1.1         0.3         0.1           2009           March         1.0         -0.7         1.3         -0.4         1.2         1.5         0.7           June         1.1         0.7         1.9         0.3         0.7         2.6         1.2           September         1.1         1.4         2.0         0.8         0.3         3.0         1.3           December         0.9         1.6         1.8         0.8         0.2         2.9         1.3		TRE												
2008         March       0.2       0.5       0.3       0.3       2.0       -2.2       0.2         June       -0.1       -0.6       -0.5       -0.7       0.7       -2.2       -0.4         September       0.2       -1.4       -0.5       -1.1       0.7       -1.1       -0.3         December       0.7       -1.4       0.2       -1.0       1.1       0.3       0.1         2009         March       1.0       -0.7       1.3       -0.4       1.2       1.5       0.7         June       1.1       0.7       1.9       0.3       0.7       2.6       1.2         September       1.1       1.4       2.0       0.8       0.3       3.0       1.3         December       0.9       1.6       1.8       0.8       0.2       2.9       1.3	2007													
March         0.2         0.5         0.3         0.3         2.0         -2.2         0.2           June         -0.1         -0.6         -0.5         -0.7         0.7         -2.2         -0.4           September         0.2         -1.4         -0.5         -1.1         0.7         -1.1         -0.3           December         0.7         -1.4         0.2         -1.0         1.1         0.3         0.1           2009           March         1.0         -0.7         1.3         -0.4         1.2         1.5         0.7           June         1.1         0.7         1.9         0.3         0.7         2.6         1.2           September         1.1         1.4         2.0         0.8         0.3         3.0         1.3           December         0.9         1.6         1.8         0.8         0.2         2.9         1.3	December	0.6	1.5	1.1	0.9	3.3	-1.4	0.9						
March         0.2         0.5         0.3         0.3         2.0         -2.2         0.2           June         -0.1         -0.6         -0.5         -0.7         0.7         -2.2         -0.4           September         0.2         -1.4         -0.5         -1.1         0.7         -1.1         -0.3           December         0.7         -1.4         0.2         -1.0         1.1         0.3         0.1           2009           March         1.0         -0.7         1.3         -0.4         1.2         1.5         0.7           June         1.1         0.7         1.9         0.3         0.7         2.6         1.2           September         1.1         1.4         2.0         0.8         0.3         3.0         1.3           December         0.9         1.6         1.8         0.8         0.2         2.9         1.3	2008													
June         -0.1         -0.6         -0.5         -0.7         0.7         -2.2         -0.4           September         0.2         -1.4         -0.5         -1.1         0.7         -1.1         -0.3           December         0.7         -1.4         0.2         -1.0         1.1         0.3         0.1           2009           March         1.0         -0.7         1.3         -0.4         1.2         1.5         0.7           June         1.1         0.7         1.9         0.3         0.7         2.6         1.2           September         1.1         1.4         2.0         0.8         0.3         3.0         1.3           December         0.9         1.6         1.8         0.8         0.2         2.9         1.3		0.2	0.5	0.3	0.3	2.0	-2.2	0.2						
September December         0.2 0.7 0.7 0.1.4         -0.5 0.2 0.1.1         -1.1 0.7 0.7 0.1         -1.1 0.3 0.1           2009           March June 1.1 0.7 1.9 0.3 0.7 June 5.1 1.1 0.7 1.9 0.3 0.7 0.7 0.6 0.2         1.2 1.5 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.3 0.7 0.7 0.6 0.2         1.2 0.7 0.8 0.3 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.3 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.3 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.3 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.3 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.3 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.3 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.3 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.3 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.3 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.2 0.7 0.8 0.3 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7														
December         0.7         -1.4         0.2         -1.0         1.1         0.3         0.1           2009           March         1.0         -0.7         1.3         -0.4         1.2         1.5         0.7           June         1.1         0.7         1.9         0.3         0.7         2.6         1.2           September         1.1         1.4         2.0         0.8         0.3         3.0         1.3           December         0.9         1.6         1.8         0.8         0.2         2.9         1.3	September	0.2	-1.4				-1.1							
March     1.0     -0.7     1.3     -0.4     1.2     1.5     0.7       June     1.1     0.7     1.9     0.3     0.7     2.6     1.2       September     1.1     1.4     2.0     0.8     0.3     3.0     1.3       December     0.9     1.6     1.8     0.8     0.2     2.9     1.3	•													
March     1.0     -0.7     1.3     -0.4     1.2     1.5     0.7       June     1.1     0.7     1.9     0.3     0.7     2.6     1.2       September     1.1     1.4     2.0     0.8     0.3     3.0     1.3       December     0.9     1.6     1.8     0.8     0.2     2.9     1.3	2009													
June     1.1     0.7     1.9     0.3     0.7     2.6     1.2       September     1.1     1.4     2.0     0.8     0.3     3.0     1.3       December     0.9     1.6     1.8     0.8     0.2     2.9     1.3		1 0	_0.7	1 2	_0.4	1 2	1 5	0.7						
September         1.1         1.4         2.0         0.8         0.3         3.0         1.3           December         0.9         1.6         1.8         0.8         0.2         2.9         1.3														
December 0.9 1.6 1.8 0.8 0.2 2.9 1.3														
	•													

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference year for chain volume measures is 2007–08. See paragraph 32 of the Explanatory Notes.

<sup>(</sup>b) See paragraph 4 of the Explanatory Notes.



## RETAIL TURNOVER, Chain Volume Measures(a)—By State

Quarter	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Total
• • • • • • • • • •	ORIGINAL (\$ million)								
2007									
December	19 431.2	15 340.2	12 764.5	4 358.3	6 919.6	1 327.1	596.7	1 155.8	61 894.3
2008									
March	16 379.8	13 182.7	10 946.2	3 839.5	5 794.5	1 163.5	506.8	992.0	52 805.0
June	16 229.0	13 103.4	10 805.1	3 881.5	5 925.7	1 154.7	572.2	1 012.8	52 684.1
September	16 071.6	13 155.3	11 521.7	3 970.9	6 058.3	1 176.9	638.1	984.5	53 577.4
December	19 018.1	15 725.5	12 925.9	4 596.2	6 865.0	1 391.0	650.2	1 158.9	62 330.8
2009									
March	16 379.7	13 384.3	11 015.6	3 899.7	5 824.5	1 201.3	563.9	987.4	53 256.4
June	16 908.3	13 834.9	11 343.8	3 992.3	5 987.8	1 213.8	611.8	1 041.0	54 933.7
September	16 990.3	13 792.7	11 698.4	3 936.5	6 060.8	1 216.4	662.8	1 030.3	55 388.1
December	20 427.2	16 225.4	13 057.4	4 586.2	7 037.1	1 419.9	667.5	1 196.2	64 616.9
		S	EASONALL	Y ADJUST	FD (\$ m	illion)			
		· ·			(				
2007									
December	17 309.6	13 709.2	11 523.3	3 900.1	6 187.4	1 192.6	565.3	1 044.3	55 436.3
2008									
March	17 167.7	13 799.2	11 527.2	3 996.5	6 107.3	1 193.6	565.4	1 047.0	55 400.4
June	16 935.4	13 585.6	11 390.7	4 037.1	6 163.4	1 211.7	581.0	1 036.5	54 941.7
September	16 669.0	13 710.4	11 567.4	4 110.4	6 208.7	1 221.9	596.6	1 016.5	55 100.8
December	16 846.8	13 980.0	11 610.2	4 097.4	6 123.1	1 243.4	613.8	1 040.3	55 555.0
2009									
March	17 266.2	14 051.6	11 687.7	4 100.5	6 186.4	1 248.1	632.2	1 051.5	56 224.1
June	17 595.7	14 358.1	11 941.8	4 150.8	6 217.5	1 269.5	621.5	1 063.5	57 218.4
September	17 565.8	14 325.7	11 731.1	4 075.4	6 205.1	1 258.5	619.8	1 062.9	56 844.2
December	18 007.6	14 387.9	11 719.1	4 100.2	6 256.6	1 271.9	629.0	1 075.1	57 447.6
			TRE	END (\$ m	illion)				
				(+					
2007									
December	17 260.5	13 644.4	11 470.4	3 891.3	6 150.2	1 193.5	559.2	1 046.2	55 216.3
2008									
March	17 174.3	13 716.4	11 507.0	3 986.2	6 158.2	1 198.7	569.9	1 042.6	55 353.4
June	16 913.4	13 702.7	11 494.3	4 054.6	6 161.7	1 209.7	581.4	1 033.6	55 150.8
September	16 722.3	13 699.2	11 479.3	4 075.7	6 145.6	1 220.4	595.9	1 025.8	54 963.9
December	16 722.1	13 760.4	11 499.4	4 064.9	6 104.7	1 226.8	608.5	1 024.8	55 011.8
2009									
March	16 917.5	13 894.8	11 559.8	4 050.4	6 076.2	1 232.5	613.9	1 032.8	55 377.7
June	17 250.2	14 068.0	11 639.0	4 056.8	6 115.4	1 243.4	616.2	1 046.0	56 032.7
September	17 601.9	14 260.0	11 716.4	4 078.6	6 186.2	1 257.5	620.0	1 060.1	56 779.3
December	17 943.5	14 439.4	11 764.8	4 100.0	6 254.1	1 272.1	625.1	1 074.8	57 507.4

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference year for chain volume measures is 2007–08. See paragraph 32 of the Explanatory Notes.



## RETAIL PERCENTAGE CHANGE, Chain Volume Measures(a)—By State

Quarter	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Total
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	ORI	GINAL (%	change fro	om prece	ding quar	ter)	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •
2007									
December	17.0	18.8	13.3	19.4	16.0	15.9	2.5	14.4	16.5
2008									
March	-15.7	-14.1	-14.2	-11.9	-16.3	-12.3	-15.1	-14.2	-14.7
June	-0.9	-0.6	-1.3	1.1	2.3	-0.8	12.9	2.1	-0.2
September	-1.0	0.4	6.6	2.3	2.2	1.9	11.5	-2.8	1.7
December	18.3	19.5	12.2	15.7	13.3	18.2	1.9	17.7	16.3
2009									
March	-13.9	-14.9	-14.8	-15.2	-15.2	-13.6	-13.3	-14.8	-14.6
June	3.2	3.4	3.0	2.4	2.8	1.0	8.5	5.4	3.1
September	0.5	-0.3	3.1	-1.4	1.2	0.2	8.3	-1.0	0.8
December	20.2	17.6	11.6	16.5	16.1	16.7	0.7	16.1	16.7
	SE	ASONAL	LY ADJUST	ED (% cha	ange from	n precedir	ng quarte	r)	
				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			0 1	,	
2007									
December	0.5	2.0	1.6	2.8	0.6	0.0	3.5	0.1	1.3
2008									
March	-0.8	0.7	0.0	2.5	-1.3	0.1	0.0	0.3	-0.1
June	-1.4	-1.5	-1.2	1.0	0.9	1.5	2.8	-1.0	-0.8
September	-1.6	0.9	1.6	1.8	0.7	0.8	2.7	-1.9	0.3
December	1.1	2.0	0.4	-0.3	-1.4	1.8	2.9	2.3	0.8
2009									
March	2.5	0.5	0.7	0.1	1.0	0.4	3.0	1.1	1.2
June	1.9	2.2	2.2	1.2	0.5	1.7	-1.7	1.1	1.8
September	-0.2	-0.2	-1.8	-1.8	-0.2	-0.9	-0.3	-0.1	-0.7
December	2.5	0.4	-0.1	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.5	1.2	1.1
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	т.	DEND (0/ a)	anga frar		na auarta		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
		11	REND (% ch	ialige iioi	ii precedi	ing quarte	; i <i>)</i>		
2007									
December	0.8	1.3	1.2	2.0	-0.2	0.3	1.9	0.2	0.9
2008									
March	-0.5	0.5	0.3	2.4	0.1	0.4	1.9	-0.3	0.2
June	-0.5 -1.5	-0.1	-0.1	2.4 1.7	0.1	0.4	2.0	-0.3 -0.9	-0.4
September	-1.5 -1.1	0.0	-0.1 -0.1	0.5	-0.3	0.9	2.5	-0.9 -0.8	-0.4 -0.3
December	0.0	0.4	0.2	-0.3	-0.3 -0.7	0.5	2.1	-0.3 -0.1	0.1
		J. 1	<b>5.2</b>	0.0	•	0.0		J	·
2009	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.4	٥٦	0.5	0.0	0.8	0.7
March June	1.2 2.0	1.0 1.2	0.5 0.7	-0.4 0.2	-0.5 0.6	0.5 0.9	0.9 0.4	0.8 1.3	0.7 1.2
September	2.0	1.2	0.7	0.2	1.2	0.9 1.1	0.4	1.3	1.2
December	1.9	1.4	0.7	0.5	1.2	1.1	0.8	1.3	1.3
December	1.9	1.3	0.4	0.5	1.1	⊥.∠	0.0	1.4	1.3

<sup>(</sup>a) Reference year for chain volume measures is 2007–08. See paragraph 32 of the Explanatory Notes.

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

#### INTRODUCTION

- **1** This publication presents estimates of the value of turnover of "retail trade" businesses classified by industry, and by state and territory. For the purposes of this publication "retail trade" includes those industries as defined in paragraphs 4 and 5.
- **2** The estimates of turnover are compiled from the monthly Retail Business Survey. About 500 'large' businesses are included in the survey every month, while a sample of about 2,750 'smaller' businesses is selected. The 'large' business' contribution of approximately 62% of the total estimate ensures a highly reliable Australian total turnover estimate.
- **3** Monthly estimates are presented in current price terms. Quarterly chain volume measures at the state and industry levels are updated with the March, June, September and December issues of this publication.

DEFINING RETAIL TRADE

- **4** The industries included in the survey are as defined in the *Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) 2006* (cat. no. 1292.0). Industry statistics in this publication are presented at two levels of detail:
  - Industry group the broadest industry level comprising 6 industry groups. This level is used to present monthly current price and quarterly chain volume measure estimates in this publication.
  - Industry subgroup the most detailed industry level comprising 15 industry subgroups. This level is used to present monthly current price estimates in time series spreadsheets.
- **5** The following shows the level at which retail trade statistics are released and defines each industry subgroup in terms of ANZSIC 2006 classes:
  - Food retailing

Supermarket and grocery stores and non-petrol sales (convenience stores) of selected fuel retailing

Supermarket and grocery stores (4110)

non-petrol sales (convenience stores) of selected Fuel retailing (4000)

Liquor retailing

Liquor retailing (4123)

Other specialised food retailing

Fresh meat, fish and poultry retailing (4121)

Fruit & vegetable retailing (4122)

Other specialised food retailing (4129)

Household goods retailing

Furniture, floor coverings, houseware and textile goods retailing

Furniture retailing (4211)

Floor coverings retailing (4212)

Houseware retailing (4213)

Manchester and other textile goods retailing (4214)

Electrical and electronic goods retailing

Electrical, electronic and gas appliance retailing (4221)

Computer and computer peripheral retailing (4222)

Other electrical and electronic goods retailing (4229)

Hardware, building & garden supplies retailing

Hardware and building supplies retailing (4231)

Garden supplies retailing (4232)

DEFINING RETAIL TRADE continued

Clothing, footwear and personal accessory retailing

Clothing retailing

Clothing retailing (4251)

Footwear and other personal accessory retailing

Footwear retailing (4252)

Watch and jewellery retailing (4253)

Other personal accessory retailing (4259)

- Department stores (4260)
- Other retailing

Newspaper and book retailing

Newspaper and book retailing (4244)

Other recreational goods retailing

Sport and camping equipment retailing (4241)

Entertainment media retailing (4242)

Toy and game retailing (4243)

Pharmaceutical, cosmetic and toiletry goods retailing

Pharmaceutical, cosmetic and toiletry goods retailing (4271)

Other retailing n.e.c

Stationery goods retailing (4272)

Antique and used goods retailing (4273)

Flower retailing (4274)

Other-store based retailing n.e.c (4279)

Non-store retailing (4310)

Retail commission-based buying and/or selling (4320)

Cafes, restaurants and takeaway food services

Cafes, restaurants and catering services

Cafes and restaurants (4511)

Catering services (4513)

Takeaway food services

Takeaway food services (4512)

SCOPE AND COVERAGE

- 6 The scope of the Retail Business Survey is all employing retail trade businesses who predominantly sell to households. Like most Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) economic surveys, the frame used for the Survey is taken from the ABS Business Register which includes registrations to the Australian Taxation Office's (ATO) pay-as-you-go withholding (PAYGW) scheme. Each statistical unit included on the ABS Business Register is classified to the ANZSIC industry in which it mainly operates. The frame is supplemented with information about a small number of businesses which are classified to a non-retail trade industry but which have significant retail trade activity.
- **7** The frame is updated quarterly to take account of new businesses, businesses which have ceased employing, changes in industry and other general business changes. The estimates include an allowance for the time it takes a newly registered business to get on to the survey frame. Businesses which have ceased employing are identified when the ATO cancels their Australian Business Number (ABN) and/or PAYGW registration. In addition, businesses with less than 50 employees which do not remit under the PAYGW scheme in each of the previous five quarters are removed from the frame.
- **8** To improve coverage and the quality of the estimates and to reduce the cost to the business community of reporting information to the ABS, turnover for franchisees is collected directly from a number of franchise head offices. The franchisees included in this reporting are identified and removed from the frame.

STATISTICAL UNITS DEFINED ON THE ABS BUSINESS REGISTER

- **9** The ABS uses an economic statistics units model on the ABS Business Register to describe the characteristics of businesses, and the structural relationships between related businesses. The units model is also used to break groups of related businesses into relatively homogeneous components that can provide data to the ABS.
- 10 The units model allocates businesses to one of two sub-populations. The vast majority of businesses are in what is called the ATO Maintained Population, while the remaining businesses are in the ABS Maintained Population. Together, these two sub-populations make up the ABS Business Register population.
- 11 Most businesses and organisations in Australia need to obtain an ABN, and are then included on the ATO Australian Business Register. Most of these businesses have simple structures; therefore the unit registered for an ABN will satisfy ABS statistical requirements. The businesses with simple structures constitute the ATO Maintained Population, and the ABN unit is used as the statistical unit for most economic collections.
- statistical requirements, the ABS maintains its own units structure through direct contact with each business. These businesses constitute the ABS Maintained Population. This population consists typically of large, complex and diverse businesses. The statistical unit used in the Retail Business Survey for this population is the Type of Activity Unit. The Type of Activity Unit is comprised of one or more business entities, sub-entities or branches of a business entity within an Enterprise Group that can report production and employment data for similar economic activities. When a minimum set of data items are available, a Type of Activity Unit is created which covers all the operations within an ANZSIC subdivision and the unit is classified to that subdivision. Where a business cannot supply adequate data for each industry, a Type of Activity Unit is formed which contains activity in more than one industry subdivision.

SURVEY METHODOLOGY

- 13 The Survey is conducted monthly primarily by telephone interview although a small number of questionnaires are mailed to businesses. The businesses included in the survey are selected by random sample from a frame stratified by state, industry and business size. The survey uses annualised turnover as the measure of business size. For the ATO Maintained Population, the annualised turnover is based on the ATO's Business Activity Statement item Total sales and for the ABS Maintained Population a modelled annualised turnover is used. For stratification purposes the annualised turnover allocated to each business is not updated each quarter as to do so would result in increased volatility in the estimates.
- **14** Each quarter, some businesses in the sample are replaced, at random, by other businesses so that the reporting load can be spread across smaller retailers. This sample replacement occurs in the first month of each quarter which may increase the volatility of estimates between this month and the previous month especially at the state by industry subgroup level.
- **15** Generalised regression estimation methodology is used for estimation. For estimation purposes, the annualised turnover allocated to each business is updated each quarter.
- **16** Most businesses can provide turnover on a calendar month basis and this is how the data are presented. When businesses cannot provide turnover on a calendar month basis, the reported data and the period they relate to are used to estimate turnover for the calendar month.

SURVEY METHODOLOGY continued

17 Most retailers operate in a single state/territory. For this reason, estimates of turnover by state/territory are only collected from the larger retailers which are included in the survey each month. These retailers are asked to provide turnover for sales from each state/territory in which the business operates. Turnover for the smaller businesses is allocated to the state of their mailing address as recorded on the ABS Business Register.

#### DEFINITION OF TURNOVER

- **18** Turnover includes:
  - retail sales;
  - wholesale sales;
  - takings from repairs, meals and hiring of goods (except for rent, leasing and hiring of land and buildings);
  - commissions from agency activity (e.g. commissions received from collecting dry cleaning, selling lottery tickets, etc.); and
  - from July 2000, the goods and services tax.

# SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT AND TREND ESTIMATION

- **19** Seasonally adjusted estimates are derived by estimating and removing systematic calendar related effects from the original series. In the Retail trade series, these calendar related effects are known as:
  - seasonal e.g. annual patterns in sales, such as increased spending in December as a result of Christmas
  - trading day influences arising from weekly patterns in sales and the varying length of each month and the varying number of Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays, etc. in each month
  - an Easter proximity effect, which is caused when Easter, a moveable holiday, falls late in March or early in April
  - a Father's Day effect, which is caused when the first Sunday in September falls in the first few days of the month and Father's Day shopping occurs in August.
- 20 Each of these influences is estimated by separate factors which, when combined, are referred to as the combined adjustment factors. The combined adjustment factors are based on observed patterns in the historical data. It is possible that with the introduction of ANZSIC 2006 from July 2009 the historical patterns may not be as relevant to some series. For example Watch and jewellery retailing moved from the Other retailing n.e.c industry subgroup to the Footwear and other personal accessory retailing industry subgroup under ANZSIC 2006. The seasonal patterns for other businesses in the Footwear and other personal accessory retailing industry subgroup appear to differ from watch and jewellery retailers. The combined adjustment factors will evolve over time to reflect any new seasonal or trading day patterns, although in this example, an estimate for this impact (seasonal break) has been implemented in the combined adjustment factors.
- **21** The following Retail trade series are directly seasonally adjusted:
  - Australian turnover
  - each state total
  - each Australian industry subgroup total
  - each state by industry subgroup.
- **22** A "two-dimensional reconciliation" methodology is used on the seasonally adjusted time series to force additivity that is, to force the sum of fine-level (state by industry subgroup) estimates to equal the Australian, state and industry subgroup totals. The industry group totals are derived from the lower level estimates.
- **23** Quarterly seasonally adjusted series used in the compilation of the chain volume measures are the sum of their applicable monthly series.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT AND TREND ESTIMATION continued

- **24** Autoregressive integrated moving average (ARIMA) modelling can improve the revision properties of the seasonally adjusted and trend estimates. ARIMA modelling relies on the characteristics of the series being analysed to project future period data. The projected values are temporary, intermediate values, that are only used internally to improve the estimation of the seasonal factors. The projected data do not affect the original estimates and are discarded at the end of the seasonal adjustment process. The retail collection uses an individual ARIMA model for each of the industry totals and state totals. The ARIMA model is assessed as part of the annual reanalysis.
- **25** In the seasonal adjustment process, both the seasonal and trading day factors evolve over time to reflect changes in spending and trading patterns. Examples of this evolution include the slow move in spending from December to January; and, increased trading activity on weekends and public holidays. The Retail series uses a concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology to derive the combined adjustment factors. This means that data from the current month are used in estimating seasonal and trading day factors for the current and previous months. For more information see *Information paper: Introduction of Concurrent Seasonal Adjustment into the Retail Trade Series* (cat. no. 8514.0).
- 26 The seasonal and trading day factors are reviewed annually at a more detailed level than possible in the monthly processing cycle. The annual reanalysis can result in relatively higher revisions to the seasonally adjusted series than during normal monthly processing. For Retail Trade, the results of the latest review are normally included in the July issue based on data up to June. However for ANZSIC 2006 series, the seasonal reanalysis was based on data up to November 2008.
- **27** The seasonally adjusted estimates still reflect the sampling and non-sampling errors to which the original estimates are subject. This is why it is recommended that trend series be used with the seasonally adjusted series to analyse underlying month-to-month movements.
- 28 The trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson moving average to the seasonally adjusted monthly series and a 7-term Henderson moving average to the seasonally adjusted quarterly series. The Henderson moving average is symmetric, but as the end of a time series is approached, asymmetric forms of the moving average have to be applied. The asymmetric moving averages have been tailored to suit the particular characteristics of individual series and enable trend estimates for recent periods to be produced. An end-weight parameter 2.0 of the asymmetric moving average is used to produce trend estimates for the Australia, State and Australian industry group totals. For the other series a standard end-weight parameter 3.5 of the asymmetric moving average is used. Estimates of the trend will be improved at the current end of the time series as additional observations become available. This improvement is due to the application of different asymmetric moving averages for the most recent six months for monthly series and three quarters for quarterly series. As a result of the improvement, most revisions to the trend estimates will be observed in the most recent six months or three quarters.
- 29 Trend estimates are used to analyse the underlying behaviour of the series over time. As a result of the introduction of The New Tax System, a break in the monthly trend series has been inserted between June and July 2000. Care should therefore be taken if comparisons span this period. For more details refer to the Appendix in the December 2000 issue of this publication.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT AND TREND ESTIMATION continued

**30** For further information on seasonally adjusted and trend estimates, see: Feature article: Use of ARIMA modelling to reduce revisions in the October 2004 issue of Australian Economic Indicators (cat. no. 1350.0)

Information Paper: Introduction of Concurrent Seasonal Adjustment into the Retail Trade Series (cat. no. 8514.0)

Information Paper: A Guide to Interpreting Time Series - Monitoring Trends, 2003 (cat. no. 1349.0)

or contact the Assistant Director, Time Series Analysis on Canberra (02) 6252 6345 or by email at **<time.series.analysis@abs.gov.au>**.

ANALYSING TREND ESTIMATES

- **31** The following terms are used in this publication to describe month to month movements in the trend series:
  - in decline percentage change in trend estimate less than zero
  - no change or flat percentage change in the trend estimate equal to zero
  - weak growth percentage change in the trend estimate of 0.1 to 0.3%
  - moderate growth percentage change in the trend estimate of 0.4 to 0.7%
  - strong growth percentage change in the trend estimate greater than 0.7%.

CHAIN VOLUME MEASURES

**32** Monthly current price estimates presented in this publication reflect both price and volume changes. However, the quarterly chain volume estimates measure changes in value after the direct effects of price changes have been eliminated and hence only reflect volume changes. The chain volume measures of retail turnover appearing in this publication are annually reweighted chain Laspeyres indexes referenced to current price values in a chosen reference year. The reference year is advanced each September issue and is currently 2007-08. Each year's data in the Retail chain volume series are based on the prices of the previous year, except for the quarters of the 2009-10 financial year which will initially be based upon price data for the 2007-08 financial year. Comparability with previous years is achieved by linking (or chaining) the series together to form a continuous time series. Further information on the nature and concepts of chain volume measures is contained in the ABS publication Information Paper: Introduction of Chain Volume Measures in the Australian National Accounts (cat. no. 5248.0).

RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES

33 There are two types of error possible in estimates of retail turnover: Sampling error which occurs because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. One measure of the likely difference resulting from not including all establishments in the survey is given by the standard error. Sampling error may be influenced by the sample replacement that occurs in the first month of each quarter. This may increase the volatility of estimates between this month and the previous month especially at the state by industry subgroup level.

Non sampling error which arises from inaccuracies in collecting, recording and processing the data. The most significant of these errors are: misreporting of data items; deficiencies in coverage; non-response; and processing errors. Every effort is made to minimise reporting error by the careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers, and efficient data processing procedures.

STANDARD ERRORS

**34** Seasonally adjusted and trend estimates and chain volume measures are also subject to sampling variability. For seasonally adjusted estimates, the standard errors are approximately the same as for the original estimates. For trend estimates, the standard errors are likely to be smaller. For quarterly chain volume measures, the standard errors may be up to 10% higher than those for the corresponding current price estimates because of the sampling variability contained in the prices data used to deflate the current price estimates.

STANDARD ERRORS continued

- **35** Estimates, in original terms, are available from the Downloads tab of this publication. Estimates that have an estimated relative standard error (RSE) between 10% and 25% are annotated with the symbol '^'. These estimates should be used with caution as they are subject to sampling variability too high for some purposes. Estimates with a RSE between 25% and 50% are annotated with the symbol '\*', indicating that the estimates should be used with caution as they are subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes. Estimates with a RSE greater than 50% are annotated with the symbol '\*\*' indicating that the sampling variability causes the estimates to be considered too unreliable for general use.
- **36** To further assist users in assessing the reliability of estimates, key data series have been given a grading of A to B. Where:
  - A represents a relative standard error on level of less than 2%. The published estimates are highly reliable for movement analysis.
  - B represents a relative standard error on level between 2% and 5%, meaning the estimates are reliable for movement analysis purposes.
- **37** The tables below provide an indicator of reliability for the estimates in original terms. The reliability indicator is based on an average RSE derived over four years.

#### RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS BY INDUSTRY GROUP

	Food retailing	Household good retailing	Clothing and soft good retailing	Department stores	Other retailing	Cafes, restaurants and takeaway food services	Total
RSE (%)	Α	А	В	Α	В	В	Α

#### RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS BY STATE

NSW Vic. Qld SA WA Tas. NT ACT Aust.

**38** Standard errors for the Australian estimates (original data) for December 2009 contained in this publication are:

Data Series

Level of retail turnover (\$m)

Change from preceding month (\$m)

% change from preceding month (%)

25 947.5

5 113.2

97.0

24.5

0.5

RELIABILITY OF TREND ESTIMATES

**39** The trending process dampens the volatility in the original and seasonally adjusted estimates. However, trend estimates are subject to revisions as future observations become available.

COMPARABILITY WITH OTHER ABS ESTIMATES

- 40 The estimates of Retail turnover in this publication will differ from sales of goods and services by the Retail trade industry in *Business Indicators, Australia* (cat. no. 5676.0). This publication presents monthly estimates of the value of turnover of retail businesses, is sourced from the *Retail Business Survey*, includes the Goods and Services Tax and includes some retail trade businesses classified to a non-retail trade industry but which have significant retail trade activity. Estimates for sales of goods and services in *Business Indicators, Australia* are sourced from the economy wide *Quarterly Business Indicators Survey* and exclude the Goods and Services Tax. In addition, the *Retail Business Survey* does not include all classes in the ANZSIC Retail trade Division but includes Cafes, restaurants and takeaway food services from the Accommodation and Food Services Division. The use of different samples in the two surveys also contributes to differences.
- **41** Quarterly Retail trade chain volume estimates contribute to the quarterly national accounts in two main areas. First, they are an indicator of Household Final Consumption Expenditure in the expenditure side of Gross domestic product. Historically Retail trade estimates contribute about 55-60% of Household Final Consumption Expenditure but this relative contribution can vary from quarter to quarter as household expenditure shifts between retail trade and areas like personal services, travel and leisure activities which are outside the scope of retail trade. Second, Retail trade estimates, along with estimates from *Business Indicators, Australia*, contribute to estimates for the Retail trade Division in the production side of Gross domestic product.

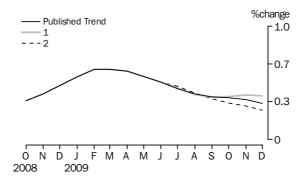
RELATED PUBLICATIONS

- **42** Current publications and other products released by the ABS are available from the Statistics View. The ABS also issues a daily Release Advice on the web site which details products to be released in the week ahead. Users may also wish to refer to the following publications:
  - Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product (cat. no. 5206.0)
  - Australian Industry (cat. no. 8155.0)
  - Business Indicators, Australia (cat. no. 5676.0).
- **43** As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant data available. Inquires should be made to the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070.

## TECHNICAL NOTE REVISIONS TO TREND ESTIMATES

EFFECT OF NEW SEASONALLY
ADJUSTED ESTIMATES ON
TREND ESTIMATES

- 1 The most recent seasonally adjusted and trend estimates are likely to be revised when next month's seasonally adjusted estimates become available. To assist readers of this publication in analysing retail trends, the 'what-if' chart presents the approximate effect of two possible scenarios on the previous trend estimates of the percentage change in total retail turnover for Australia. The two scenarios for the next month's seasonally adjusted estimates have been derived from the 25th and 75th percentiles of the historical seasonally adjusted movement distribution. Note that the what-if analysis does not show the unknown impact of revisions to seasonal factor estimates that could arise when the original estimate for the next time period becomes available. For more information see the trend estimates section of the Explanatory Notes.
  - 1 The January seasonally adjusted estimate of retail turnover is 0.93% higher than the December estimate.
  - 2 The January seasonally adjusted estimate of retail turnover is the same as the December estimate.



2 Under concurrent seasonal adjustment, the most recent seasonally adjusted and trend estimates are likely to be revised when original estimates for subsequent months become available. The trend revision is a combined result of the revision of the seasonally adjusted estimates and the revision derived from the use of asymmetric moving averages as future data become available (for more information, refer to paragraph 28 in the Explanatory Notes). ABS research shows that about 75% of the total revision to the trend estimate at the current end of the time series is due to the use of different asymmetric moving averages when the original estimate for the next time period becomes available. To assess the reliability of the trend estimate at the current end, the 'what-if' chart presents trend estimates under two different scenarios of the next time period. The chart shows only the impact due to the changes of the asymmetric moving averages and does not include the unknown impact of revision to seasonal factor estimates that would arise when the original estimate for the next time period becomes available.

## FOR MORE INFORMATION

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**www.abs.gov.au** the ABS website is the best place for data from our publications and information about the ABS.

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